

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL BOARD OF REVIEW

Earl Ray Tomblin Governor

416 Adams St. Fairmont, WV 26554 Karen L. Bowling Cabinet Secretary

August 31, 2015



RE: v. WVDHHR
ACTION NO.: 15-BOR-2058

Dear Ms.

Enclosed is a copy of the decision resulting from the hearing held in the above-referenced matter.

In arriving at a decision, the State Hearing Officer is governed by the Public Welfare Laws of West Virginia and the rules and regulations established by the Department of Health and Human Resources. These same laws and regulations are used in all cases to assure that all persons are treated alike.

You will find attached an explanation of possible actions you may take if you disagree with the decision reached in this matter.

Sincerely,

Thomas E. Arnett State Hearing Officer Member, State Board of Review

Encl: Claimant's Recourse to Hearing Decision

Form IG-BR-29

cc: Rebecca Pancake, RI, WVDHHR

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES BOARD OF REVIEW

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v. Action Number: 15-BOR-2058

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES,

Movant.

DECISION OF STATE HEARING OFFICER

INTRODUCTION

This is the decision of the State Hearing Officer resulting from an Administrative Disqualification Hearing for requested by the Movant on May 14, 2015. This hearing was held in accordance with the provisions found in Chapter 700 of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources' Common Chapters Manual and Federal Regulations at 7 CFR § 273.16. The hearing was convened on August 18, 2015.

The matter before the Hearing Officer arises from a request by the Department for a determination as to whether the Defendant has committed an Intentional Program Violation and should thus be disqualified from the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) for 12 months.

At the hearing, the Department appeared by Rebecca Pancake, Repayment Investigator (RI). The Defendant failed to appear. All witnesses were sworn and the following documents were admitted into evidence.

Movant's Exhibits:

- M-1 Combined Application and Review Form (CAF) and Rights and Responsibilities dated 3/2/12
- M-2 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Application signed by Defendant on 9/9/13
- M-3 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Application signed by Defendant on 3/6/14
- M-4 Employment income/earnings verification from
- M-5 State Wage Data Report verifying Defendant's employment income/earnings in the 1st and 2nd quarters of 2012 (), and in the 3rd and 4th quarters of 2013 and 1st and 2nd quarters of 2014 ()

- M-6 Case Comments from the Department's computer system during the period of 4/26/11 through 10/9/14
- M-7 Advance Notice of Administrative Disqualification Hearing Waiver dated 4/28/15 and Waiver of Administrative Disqualification Hearing
- M-8 Food Stamp Claim Determination for the period of March 2012 through June 2012, with Food Stamp Calculation Sheets
- M-9 Food Stamp Claim Determination for the period of September 2013 through February 2014, with Food Stamp Calculation Sheets
- M-10 Food Stamp Claim Determination for the period March 2014 through May 2014, with Food Stamp Calculation Sheets
- M-11 Defendant's SNAP Issuance History (January 2011 through August 2015)
- M-12 WV Income Maintenance Manual §§1.2.E, 20.1, and 20.2, and 7 CFR §273.16 Code of Federal Regulations

After a review of the record, including testimony, exhibits, and stipulations admitted into evidence at the hearing, and after assessing the credibility of all witnesses and weighing the evidence in consideration of the same, the Hearing Officer sets forth the following Findings of Fact.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- A request for an Administrative Disqualification Hearing was received by the Board of Review from the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources, hereinafter Movant, on May 14, 2015. Movant contends that the Defendant has committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) and is recommending that the Defendant be disqualified from participation in the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly Food Stamp Program, for a period of 12 months.
- 2) Notification of the August 18, 2015 hearing was mailed to the Defendant on June 16, 2015, via First Class U.S. Mail, as the Defendant is a current recipient of public assistance benefits and resides at a confirmed address.
- The hearing convened as scheduled at 10 a.m., and as of 10:15 a.m., the Defendant failed to appear. As set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations found at §7 CFR 273.16 (e) (4), and the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources Common Chapters Manual, Chapter 740.20, the hearing was conducted without the Defendant in attendance.
- 4) Movant proffered evidence to indicate that the Defendant completed a Combined Application and Review Form (CAF) on March 2, 2012 (M-1) and reported zero income. Defendant completed another SNAP application/review (M-2) on September 9, 2013, and again on March 6, 2014 (M-3), continuing to report zero income. Case Comments documented in the Defendant's electronic case file (M-6) by Movant's eligibility worker(s) further confirm that the Defendant verbally reported having no household

income while completing the interview portion of each of the applications/reviews (M-1, M-2 and M-3).

- Movant's Exhibits M-4 and M-5, however, verify the Defendant was employed by and/or and, and/or and, and had employment income at the time each of the applications/reviews (M-1, M-2 and M-3) were completed.
- Movant contended that by withholding information about her household income when the applications/reviews were completed, the Defendant received \$2,462 in SNAP benefits to which she was not legally entitled.
- 7) The Defendant signed her SNAP application/review forms certifying that the information she provided was true and correct, and she signed the Rights and Responsibilities forms acknowledging the following:

I understand if I am found (by court action or an administrative disqualification hearing) to have committed an act of intentional program violation, I will not receive Food Stamp benefits as follows: First Offense – one year; Second Offense – two years: Third Offense-permanently. In addition, I will have to repay any benefits received for which I was not eligible.

By signing the Rights and Responsibilities form, the Defendant certified that she read, understood, and accepted the rights and responsibilities, and that all of the information provided was true and correct.

APPLICABLE POLICY

Policy found in §1.2(E) of the West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual provides that it is the client's responsibility to provide information about his circumstances so the worker is able to make a correct decision about his eligibility.

According to the West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual, §2.2.B, all SNAP AGs must report changes related to eligibility and benefit amount at application and redetermination.

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual§10.4.C., contains policy relating to income and computation of SNAP benefits. It also states - to determine the coupon allotment, find the countable income and the number (of persons) in the benefit group.

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual §20.2 provides that when an AG (Assistance Group) has been issued more SNAP than it was entitled to receive, corrective action is taken by establishing either an Unintentional Program Violation (UPV) or Intentional Program Violation (IPV) claim. The claim is the difference between the entitlement the AG received and the entitlement the AG should have received. An IPV can be established by an Administrative Disqualification Hearing (ADH) decision or by a court decision. If the court fails to impose a

disqualification period, the Department imposes the appropriate penalty as indicated in §9.1.A.2.g

West Virginia Common Chapters Manual §740.11.D and the Code of Federal Regulations 7 CFR Section 273.16 establish that an individual making a false or misleading statement, or misrepresenting, concealing or withholding facts has committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV).

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual §20.2.C.2 requires that once an IPV has been established, a disqualification period must be imposed on the AG member(s) who committed the violation.

West Virginia Income Maintenance Manual §9.1 sets forth the penalties for individuals found guilty of an IPV as follows: First Offense, twelve (12)-month disqualification; Second Offense, twenty-four (24)-month disqualification; Third Offense, permanent disqualification.

DISCUSSION

The evidence is clear and convincing that the Defendant intentionally withheld household employment/wage information - on no fewer than three (3) occasions – to receive SNAP benefits to which she was not legally entitled. This is confirmed by the documents completed and signed by the Defendant, as well as her documented responses during her interviews.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- The regulations that govern the SNAP state that a program violation has occurred when an individual intentionally makes a false or misleading statement, or misrepresents, conceals or withholds facts relating to the use, presentation, transfer, acquisition, receipt or possession of SNAP benefits.
- 2) The evidence confirms the Defendant knowingly withheld information about her household income in order to receive SNAP benefits to which she was not legally entitled. This clearly establishes intent.
- The evidence is clear and convincing that the Defendant committed an Intentional Program Violation, as defined in the SNAP policy and regulations.
- 4) Pursuant to SNAP policy and regulations, an Intentional Program Violation has been committed and a disqualification penalty must be applied. Only the Defendant is subject to the disqualification. The disqualification for a first offense is 12 months.

DECISION

Intentionally making a false or misleading statement or misrepresenting facts to secure SNAP benefits constitutes a clear violation of the regulations. The Agency's proposal to apply a SNAP disqualification is **upheld.** The disqualification period will begin effective October 1, 2015.

ENTERED this day of August	2015.
	Thomas E. Arnett
	State Hearing Officer